STA 3431 (Monte Carlo Methods), Fall 2018

Homework #1 Assignment: worth 20% of final course grade.

Due: In class at 10:10 a.m. **sharp** on Monday October 15.

GENERAL NOTES:

- Late homeworks, even by one minute, will be penalised!
- Include at the top of the first page: Your <u>name</u> and <u>student number</u> and <u>department</u> and <u>program</u> and <u>year</u> and <u>e-mail address</u>.
- Homework assignments are to be solved by each student <u>individually</u>. You may discuss assignments in general terms with other students, but you must solve it on your own, including doing all of your own computing and writing.
- For full points, you should provide very <u>complete</u> solutions, including <u>explaining</u> all of your reasoning clearly and neatly, performing <u>detailed</u> Monte Carlo investigations including multiple runs and error estimates as appropriate, <u>justifying</u> all of the choices you make, etc.
- You may use results from lecture, but clearly <u>indicate</u> when you do so.
- When writing computer programs for homework assignments:
 - R is the "default" computer programming language and should normally be used for homework (and tests). You may perhaps use other standard computer languages like C and C++ and Java and Python with <u>prior permission</u> from the instructor. For this first assignment, you <u>must</u> use R for Questions 1 and 2 (though if you wish then you can <u>also</u> solve them using a different language and then compare which is better).
 - You should include your complete source code and your program output.
 - Programs should be clearly <u>explained</u>, with comments, so they are easy to follow.
 - You should always consider such issues as the accuracy and consistency of the answers you obtain.

THE ACTUAL ASSIGNMENT:

- 1. (a) [5] Write a computer program to generate pseudorandom Uniform[0,1] numbers, using a method of your choice. Your program should just use simple arithmetic, and should <u>not</u> use any built-in randomness functions. Explain your <u>reasons</u> for your choice of method.
- **(b)** [2] Use your program to generate and plot 500 independent pseudorandom Uniform[0,1] numbers.
- (c) [5] Perform (with explanation) a few statistical tests of your choosing to see how random/uniform/independent your generator "seems" to be.
- **2.** (a) [5] Write a computer program to compute a good "classical" (i.i.d.) Monte Carlo estimate (including standard error and 95% confidence interval) of $\mathbf{E}[YZ^4\sin(YZ^2)]$, where $Y \sim \text{Exponential}(3)$ and $Z \sim \text{Normal}(0,1)$ are independent. Your program should

use your own pseudorandom function from the previous question, and should <u>not</u> use any built-in randomness functions.

- (b) [3] Run your program several times, and produce a final estimate.
- (c) [2] Discuss how accurate you think your estimate is.
- **3.** [6] Re-write the integral

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(1 + x^3 + (y - 3)^2 + \sin(xy^2) \right)^{-|y|^3 - 2} dy \right) dx$$

as some expected value, and then estimate its value using (with explanation) a Monte Carlo algorithm of your choice. (You may use the computer's built-in pseudorandom functions if you wish.) Discuss the extent to which your algorithm does or does not work well. Then, produce a final estimate, and discuss how accurate you think your estimate is.

4. For this question, let A, B, C, and D be the last four digits of your student number, in order. (So, for example, if your student number were 840245070^* , then A = 5, B = 0, C = 7, and D = 0.) And, let $g: \mathbf{R}^5 \to [0, \infty)$ be the function defined by:

$$g(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5)$$

$$= (x_1 + A + 2)^{x_2+3} \left(1 + \cos\left[2x_2 + 3x_3 + 4x_4 + (B+3)x_5\right]\right) e^{(12-C)x_4} |x_4 - 3x_5|^{D+2} \prod_{i=1}^5 \mathbf{1}_{0 < x_i < 1}.$$

Let $\pi(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5) = c \ g(x_1, x_2, x_3, x_4, x_5)$ be the corresponding five-dimensional probability density function, with unknown normalising constant c.

- (a) Identify the values of A, B, C, and D. (This should be easy!)
- (b) [6] Write a program to get a good estimate of $\mathbf{E}_{\pi}[(X_1 X_2)/(2 + X_3 + X_4 X_5)]$ using an importance sampler with your choice of function "f". (You may use the computer's built-in pseudorandom functions if you wish.) Discuss the reasons for your choice of f, and the extent to which this algorithm does or does not work well. Then, produce a final estimate, and discuss how accurate you think your estimate is.
- (c) [6] Write a program to get a good estimate of $\mathbf{E}_{\pi}[(X_1 X_2)/(2 + X_3 + X_4 X_5)]$ using a rejection sampler with your choice of function "f". (You may again use the computer's built-in pseudorandom functions if you wish.) Discuss the reasons for your choice of f, and the extent to which this algorithm does or does not work well. Then, produce a final estimate, and discuss how accurate you think your estimate is.

[END; total points = 40]

^{*(}Historical note: this was the instructor's actual student number when he was a UofT undergraduate student in 1984–88.)